

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Patent and Trademark Office

Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Washington, D.C. 20231

Application Number	Filing Date	First Named Applicant	Attorney Docket Number
09/483,337	01/14/00	E. T. Kool	220.00040101
		•	Examiner
		•	L. E. Crane
			L. L. Olalic
			Art Unit Paper No.
			1623 22
All participants (applicant, a (1) Mr. Loren Albin (2) Examiner L. E. Cran	pplicant's representative, P1	EW SUMMARY	
Date of Interview: Octobe	r 14, 2003		
Type: X Telephonic -	Personal (copy given to)	- applicant - ap	plicant's representative
Exhibit shown or demonstration	conducted: - Yes	No If yes, brief description	on: <u>See attachment.</u>
Agreement was reache	d with respect to some of all of	the claims in question.	X was not reached
Claim(s) discussed: See pag	<u>le 2.</u>		
Identification of prior art disc	ussed: <u>See page 2.</u>	**	
Description of the general na	ture of what was agreed to i	f an agreement was reached	d, or any other comment: See p. 2
agreed would be allowal render the claims allowald allowald. 1. X It is not necessary for Unless the paragraph above OFFICE ACTION IS NOT WA	ole must be attached. Able is available, a sumr rapplicant to provide a sepa has been checked to indica AIVED AND MUST INCLUD last Office action has alread	Also, where no copy of to mary thereof must be attacted at the record of the substance to the contrary, A FORMA E THE SUBSTANCE OF THE VERNERS IS APPLICANT IS	e of the interview. L RESPONSE TO THE LAST IE INTERVIEW. (See MPEP § GIVEN ONE MONTH FROM THIS
2. Since the Examiner's	interview summary above ((including any attachments) r	reflects a
complete response to action, and since the	each of the objections, rejections are now allowable, the ast Office action. Applicant	ections and requirements tha	it may be present in the last Office
Examiner Note: You mu PTOL-413 (amended 03	ist sign this form unless	it is an attachment to a	nother form.
09/483,337 - P. N. <u>2</u>	,] File (Applicant)	Continued on next page(s) ->->

Art Unit 1623

INTERVIEW SUMMARY(cont.)

Claims discussed: All remaining of record, claims 44-48, 50-54 amd 56-60 in particular.

Identification of prior art discussed: Northwestern University '699, Letsinger et al. '943, and Gryaznov et al. '903.

Description of the general nature of what was agreed to if an agreement was reached, or any other comment: Applicant requested the interview. Applicant requested clarification of the second paragraph rejection. Clarification was provided, noting that the judicially recognized first use of "to comprise" did not extend to subsequent use of a related term and that the repeated use of the term made it difficult to define the metes and bounds of the subject matter being claimed. No resolution of the subsequent rejection alleging confusion of meaning because of the presence of "comprising" and "consisting of" language in the same claim.

Discussion of how the instant claims are distinguished from the prior art revealed that the terms "not directly adjacent to" and "substantially adjacent to" meant that applicant's were basing their asserted variation from the prior art on chemical ligations which were taking place **only** when the hybridization occurred with either a **gap** or an **overlap** in the oligonucleotides to be chemically ligated.

Applicant then asserted that the elimination of one oligonucleotide of less than 7 bases in length distinguished over the prior art in the first anticipation rejection.

Applicant was informed that there was also an obviousness rejection of record citing the Northwestern University '699 reference.

Applicant argues that claim **56**, directed to RNA molecules being ligated was not found in the prior art. Applicant was informed that the instant references contained the generic terms "polynucleotide" and "oligonucleotide" which are generally understood by the ordinary practitioner to include both DNA and RNA.



Art Unit 1623

INTERVIEW SUMMARY(cont.)

Notes from meeting with Jeff Fredman: He suggested that enablement rjection should raise the issue of whether Kool had shown that the process being claimed was supported by a showing of hybridization dependent ligation or not. Also noted that IF Kool amends claims to avoid the prior art by claiming gaps or overlaps, then an enablement rejection can be made final because applicants amendment would necessitate the new grounds of rejection. Also he suggested another enablement (or written description) question: has Kool shown that the process being claimed actually provides a means of distinguishing a mutant (gap or overlap) from the non-mutant polynucleotide or is this just blunt end ligation and therefore not capable of being used to test for mutant nucleic acid sequences (would require non-final rejection or not ???).

Make In like of print from